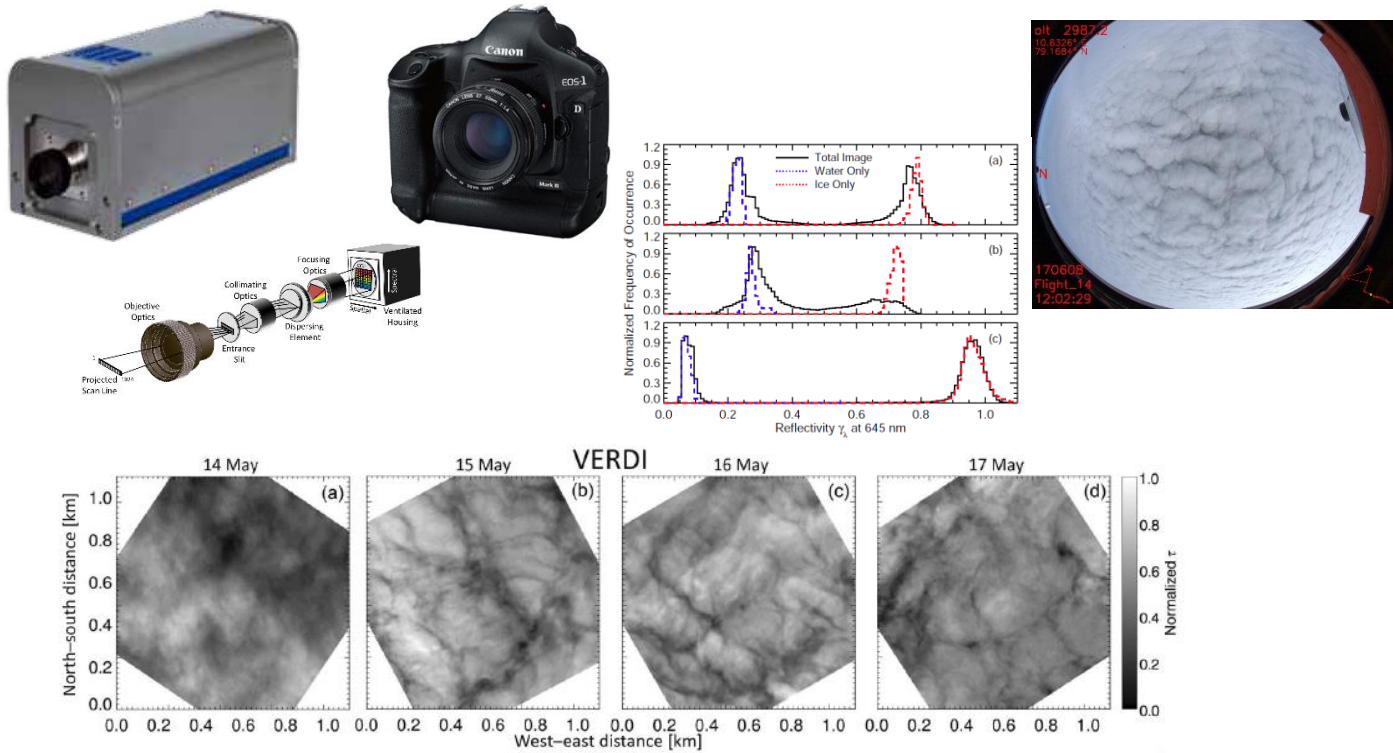


# Remote sensing of Arctic clouds by imaging cameras



- Master Thesis:**
- analysis of camera measurements of Arctic boundary layer clouds observed during ALOUD and AFLUX
  - comparison of a push-broom line-camera and a 2D-camera
  - quantify cloud inhomogeneities from both viewing geometries
  - identification and quantification of 3D radiative effects

- Sem. Research:**
- structures of Arctic stratocumulus (roll convection, cell convection)
  - impact of surface fluxes and cloud top processes on cloud inhomogeneities
    - cold air outbreaks
    - warm air intrusions
  - impact of cloud inhomogeneities on 3D radiative processes

- Sem. Methods:**
- general types of imaging devices: scanner, line scanner, 2D image
  - remote sensing of clouds (plan parallel assumption vs. 3D)
  - parameters to quantify the cloud inhomogeneity

## Anmeldung eines Themas für ein/e

**Forschungsseminar**    
**Methodenseminar**    
**Masterarbeit**  (bitte eines oder mehrere ankreuzen)

Thema	Remote sensing of Arctic clouds with imaging cameras
Datum	available from 24. Juni 2020
Betreuer (mit Kontaktdaten)	Univ.-Prof. Dr. Manfred Wendisch Leipzig Institute for Meteorology (LIM) Stephanstr. 3, D-04103 Leipzig, Germany ++49 (0) 341 97 32 851 (Phone)
ggf. weitere Kontaktperson	André Ehrlich, Phone: +49 341 97-32874 Email: a.ehrlich@uni-leipzig.de
Zweitgutachter	Prof. Dr. Andreas Macke, TROPOS
Kurzbeschreibung:	<p><b>Master Thesis:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- analysis of camera measurements of Arctic boundary layer clouds observed during ACLOUD and AFLUX</li> <li>- comparison of a push-broom line-camera and a 2D-camera</li> <li>- quantify cloud inhomogeneities from both viewing geometries</li> <li>- identification and quantification of 3D radiative effects</li> </ul> <p><b>Sem. Research:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- structures of Arctic stratocumulus (roll convection, cell convection)</li> <li>- impact of surface fluxes and cloud top processes on cloud inhomogeneities               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- cold air outbreaks</li> <li>- warm air intrusions</li> </ul> </li> <li>- impact of cloud inhomogeneities on 3D radiative processes</li> </ul> <p><b>Sem. Methods:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- general types of imaging devices: scanner, line scanner, 2D image</li> <li>- remote sensing of clouds (plan parallel assumption vs. 3D)</li> <li>- parameters to quantify the cloud inhomogeneity</li> </ul>
Literatur:	<p>Schäfer, M., Bierwirth, E., Ehrlich, A., Jäkel, E., Werner, F., and Wendisch, M., Directional, horizontal inhomogeneities of cloud optical thickness fields retrieved from ground-based and airborne spectral imaging, Atmos. Chem. Phys., 17, 2359-2372, doi:10.5194/acp-17-2359-2017, 2017.</p> <p>Schäfer, M., Loewe, K., Ehrlich, A., Hoose, C., and Wendisch, M., Simulated and observed horizontal inhomogeneities of optical thickness of Arctic stratus, Atmos. Chem. Phys., 18, 13115-13133, doi:10.5194/acp-18-13115-2018, 2018.</p> <p>Ehrlich, A., Schäfer, M., Ruiz-Donoso, E., and Wendisch, M., Airborne Remote Sensing of Arctic Clouds, In: Kokhanovsky A. (eds) Springer Series in Light Scattering, Volume 5, 39-66, doi:10.1007/978-3-030-38696-2_2, 2020.</p>